

MEXICANS FIRE ON U. S. TROOPS IN LAREDO ON TEXAS BORDER

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1,000 MINERS BATTLE TROOPS IN COLORADO; BIG GUNS RAKE RANKS

Colorado Strikers Lay in Wait for State Militia Sent Against Them and Renew Bloody Conflict That Has Cost Many Lives.

SEIZE TWO TROOP TRAINS;
FACE CHARGE OF CAVALRY.

Soldiers Claim a Victory in Statement to General—Two Other Fights Reported.

TRINIDAD, Col., April 24.—Fighting between State troops and armed strikers began shortly after 11 A. M. to-day at Bunker Hill, a short distance south of Monson, according to reports just received here. The strikers are reported to have captured two troop trains. The cavalrymen at once turned their horses loose and began entrenching.

The soldiers have two field pieces in action and the miners, who are 1,000 strong, are using a machine gun. The strikers had lain in wait for the troops and as soon as the trains bearing them arrived made the attack that marked the renewal of the bloody conflict, which up to date has cost probably two score lives.

All branches of the militia were represented in the battle, the cavalry taking the leading part.

Two field pieces were detained at Monson and immediately brought into action. Gen. Chase has established communication with Rouse, which is near Bunker Hill, where the attack was made, and has received several messages concerning the location of the attacking parties.

A later report from Rouse says: "At 11:35 o'clock seventy cavalrymen at full gallop have just passed Rouse with the artillery."

The two messages indicate that a second troop which detained at Monson has executed a flank attack on the band of strikers which is said to have attacked the scouting party.

The skirmish between the militia and strikers near Bunker Hill resulted in a victory for the guardsmen, according to reports this afternoon. A message to Gen. Chase reads:

"Strikers have split. Half gone up Curtis Canon; other half gone south." The message was relayed to Gen. Chase at Rouse.

While the fighting was going on at Bunker Hill heavy firing was heard at Jandow, north of Rouse, indicating that a second engagement was being fought.

A third battle was later reported in progress near Aquilar.

Gen. Chase's troops detained at Monson early to-day and presumably met the strikers at Rouse while marching overland.

Rouse is a small town on the Colorado and Southern Railroad.

About five hundred State militia arrived at Walsenburg early to-day, and at daybreak began to move southward into the zone where the coal miners are on strike and where fighting has occurred between miners and militia, with loss of life, during the last five days.

Aguilar, normally a thriving mining and agricultural town of 2,000 population, is almost depopulated to-day. Terrified by the events of the last four days, during which the strikers' colony at Ludlow was wiped out in a battle between strikers and militia, and the mining camps of Empire, Southwestern, Borden and Royal

International Bridge Spanning the Rio Grande Between Laredo, Tex., and Nuevo Laredo, Mexico

(Copyrighted by C. H. Waite, Mexico City.)



MEXICAN GUNS SHELL AMERICAN CITY FROM ACROSS THE RIO GRANDE

American Soldiers Return the Fire and the Huertistas Then Retreat Southward After Destroying Nuevo Laredo.

AMERICAN CONSULATE
BLOWN UP AS CITY IS FIRED.

Three Reported Killed on the American Side—Laredo a Strong Strategic Point.

LAREDO, Tex., April 24.—Upon evacuation of Nuevo Laredo this afternoon, the Mexican Federals applied the torch to the Municipal Building, Custom House, Post Office, United States Consulate and several other buildings.

The town is in flames.

The United States patrol was fired on by Mexican Federals and a sharp fight followed.

At 3 o'clock the Mexican town was burning in several places.

All available United States troops here have been called out to control the situation.

It was reported that three persons had been killed by the Mexicans' fire, but in the excitement prevailing it was impossible to verify this report immediately.

Ten or twelve Mexicans were seen to fall when American troops on border patrol returned the fire.

At 3.15 the fire originating from the explosions or deliberately set, had spread to all quarters of the city, which appeared doomed.

The Federals opened fire on the Americans as the Federal troop trains pulled out of the city.

The railroad follows the international line for some distance in going south, and from car windows and platforms the Mexicans began a rapid fire, aiming indiscriminately at any person in sight.

Laredo, Tex., opposite the Rio Grande River from Laredo, Mexico, is the terminus of the International and Great Northern Railway.

Laredo is the county seat of Webb County, a city of 14,000 inhabitants. Nuevo Laredo, the Mexican city on the Mexican side, which was burned to-day by the Federals, is connected with Laredo by an immense bridge, which would have to be crossed by an army of occupation and which the American commanders had orders to hold at all hazards.

When the Madero revolt became serious and the American army was first mobilized on the Texas frontier in March, 1911, a large detachment was sent to Laredo and posted at the international bridge with machine guns, and ordered to see that the bridge was not destroyed.

The International and Great Northern, which heads due north-east from Laredo to San Antonio, Tex., crosses the big international bridge at Laredo and connects with the National Railway of Mexico at that point.

So important has this bridge been regarded, that at the last outbreak the Ninth Infantry, commanded by Col. Charles J. Crane, and Battery A of the Third Field Artillery was rushed to Laredo and ordered to hold the bridge.

Nuevo Laredo, the Mexican city, is built, as most of the Mexican cities, of adobe houses and huts, and has few buildings of any pretensions.

It is the point at which an American force would cross the river to penetrate to Monterey, captured by the American troops early in the last war with Mexico.

There are large custom houses both at Laredo and Nuevo Laredo.

FIVE AMERICANS DEAD IN YESTERDAY'S FIGHT

Two More Dead Announced, Making Seventeen Killed at Vera Cruz.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 24.—Five Americans were killed in yesterday's fighting at Vera Cruz. Two not heretofore listed were reported to the Navy Department this afternoon by Admiral Badger.

This makes the total casualties at Vera Cruz up to date 17 killed and 70 wounded.

ONLY THREE MARINES SERIOUSLY WOUNDED

Report From Vera Cruz Says That Most of the Others Will Direction Take by Ousted

VERA CRUZ, Mexico, April 24.—Only three of the Americans wounded in the fighting around Vera Cruz are in a really serious condition, according to the report issued from the Hospital Ship Solace. These are First Class Fireman H. Pullian, Ordinary Seaman E. G. Wright and Private Jeremiah G. Peoples.

Owing to the poor efficient field hospital corps the quick arrival of the wounded men on board the Solace no infected wounds were discovered, and all the other wounded are doing well.

THE "HUB" Clothing Corner, Broadway, cor. Barclay St., Old Astor House, will sell to-day & Saturday 1,500 men's Spring Suits, Topcoats and fancy Balmorals with loose back effects, black, blue, green, pencil stripes, brown, grays & dark mixed worsteds, all sizes, 44 to 46; worth \$12 in any other store; our special price to-day and Saturday, \$6.50. Open Saturday night till 12—4-27.

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NATIONAL LEAGUE

AT NEW YORK—

GIANTS									
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PHILADELPHIA									
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2

Batteries—Fromme, Marquard and McLean; Marshall and Killifer. Umpires—Klem and Hart.

AT BOSTON—

BROOKLYN									
0	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
BOSTON									
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

Batteries—Atchison and Fletcher; Pardo, Cochran and Gowdy. Umpires—Eason and Quigley.

FOR DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF GAMES SEE BASEBALL EDITION.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

HIGHLANDERS—

2 2 0 0 2

ATHLETICS—

1 0 0 0 0

Batteries—Keating and Sweeper; Wyckoff and Schang. Umpires—Din-

oen and Connolly.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

AT PITTSBURGH.

BROOKLYN—

0 1 0 1 0 0 0

PITTSBURGH—

2 4 0 0 0 2

Batteries—Somers and Land; Dick-

son and Berry. Umpires—Hush and

Mannassau.

MORE AMMUNITION FOR WARSHIPS TO HALT

Six Hundred Tons of Cartridges Are on the Way to Dictator Huerta.

ANTWERP, Belgium, April 24.—Seven hundred tons of ammunition are lying here awaiting shipment to Mexico.

A consignment of 600 tons of cartridges left here for that destination last week.

SAILING TO-DAY.

New York, Southampton.... 10 A. M.

Santiago, Santiago..... 12 M.

Maracaibo, Trinidad..... 12 M.

Nickarua, Trinidad..... 8 P. M.

Guiana, St. Thomas..... 8 P. M.

ROUGH RIDERS APPLY FOR DUTY AT FRONT

Men Who Followed Leonard Wood at Santiago Want to Go to Mexico.

(Special to The Evening World.) WASHINGTON, April 24.—Roosevelt's veteran Rough Riders are applying to the War Department for an opportunity to go to the front.

Sgt. Gilmore, who has been an engineer on the Panama Canal, modestly sent in his card to Gen. Wood to-day, wondering whether he would be remembered.

The General greeted Gilmore with cordiality, but no commissions are being given out to any volunteers yet.

Sunday World Wants Work Wonders.

MEXICANS STAB AMERICANS IN STREETS OF MEXICO CITY; OTHERS SUBJECT TO INSULT

British Embassy Fortified as a Refuge for Foreigners in Case of a General Attack.

LONDON, April 24.—Two Americans were stabbed to-day when they appeared on the streets of Mexico City, the American flag was trampled upon by natives, and conditions are so serious that few foreigners are venturing from their homes, according to despatches received by London papers to-day.

The British residents have constructed a compound about the British Legation, where all foreigners may gather in case of an attack. All Americans appearing on the streets have been threatened, and anti-American demonstrations are rapidly spreading.

There are 800 to 1,000 Americans still in Mexico City. All foreigners are said to be wearing the British Union Jack in the button-holes of their coats as a badge of protection.

Refugees at Vera Cruz Tell of Mexico City Mob

By Robert H. Murray.

(Staff Correspondent of The World.)

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VERA CRUZ, Mexico, April 24.—Refugees arriving on a train from Mexico City report that Gen. Maas is at Soledad, fifteen kilometres from

(Continued on Second Page.)